

40. True/False:

- The graph of $y = x^4 - 7x^2 + 1$ has y -axis symmetry.
- The graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 2$ has all three symmetries.
- The graph of $y^2 - y^3 = x^2$ has origin symmetry.
- A circle may have x -axis symmetry only.
- The graph of $y = \frac{1}{x^5}$ has origin symmetry.
- The “turning point” of the graph of $y = |x - 3| + 2$ is $(2, 3)$.
- The graph of $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ is the top-half of a sideways parabola.
- The graph of $y = \sqrt{-x}$ is just the origin.
- The graph of $y = \frac{1}{3}|3x - 10|$ is “skinnier” than the graph of $y = |3x - 10|$.
- The graphs of $f(x) = |x - 2|$ and $g(x) = |2 - x|$ are identical.
- The graph of $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$ has an infinite slope at the origin.
- The graph of $y = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$ passes through all the quadrants except the second.
- The graph of the function $y = 3x - |x + 1|$ is

